Industry and Research in Chemistry: Specialized Topics in Theory and Practice

Code: 42424
ECTS Credits: 10

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Degree</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Semester</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>4313385 Industrial Chemistry and Introduction to Chemical Research</td>
<td>OB</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

**Contact**

Name: José Luis Bourdelande Fernández
Email: JoseLuis.Bourdelande@uab.cat

**Prerequisites**

none

**Objectives and Contextualisation**

Industrial Chemistry and Introduction to Chemical Research is a mandatory module of the Masters Program in Industrial Chemistry and Introduction to Chemical Research. The objective of this course is to acquire new knowledge and abilities in fields related to Industrial Chemistry and Chemical Research: Regulations, Patents, Experimental design, Job searching, Introduction to computational chemistry, NMR, Introduction to photochemistry, Resource optimization and environmental assessment of chemical processes, Risk and safety in chemical facilities, and Laboratory instrumental techniques and chemical analysis (including mass spectrometry, chromatography, microscopy, XRD, ICP and laboratory advanced techniques).

**Skills**

- Correctly apply new information capture and organisation technologies to solve problems in professional activity.
- Correctly evaluate the risks and environmental and socio-economic impact associated to special chemical substances.
- Define specialised concepts, principles, theories and facts in the different areas of Chemistry.
- Design processes that imply the treatment or elimination of dangerous chemical products.
- Evaluate the human, economic, legal and ethical dimension of professional practice, as well as the environmental implications of one's work.
- Identify information in the scientific literature using the appropriate channels and integrating said information to approach and contextualise a research issue.
- Operate with advanced instrumentation for chemical evaluation and structural determination.
- Students should be able to integrate knowledge and face the complexity of making judgements from information which, being incomplete or limited, include reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and judgements.
- Students should know how to communicate their conclusions, knowledge and final reasoning that they hold in front of specialist and non-specialist audiences clearly and unambiguously.
- Use scientific terminology in the English language to defend experimental results in the context of the chemistry profession.

**Learning outcomes**

Principal working language: **english (eng)**

Use of languages

**Use of languages**

Principal working language: **english (eng)**
1. Apply advanced analytical and instrumental techniques in a chemistry laboratory.
2. Characterise materials and biomolecules.
3. Compare microscopy and spectroscopy techniques for applications of differing natures.
4. Correctly apply new information capture and organisation technologies to solve problems in professional activity.
5. Describe quality and patent regulations.
6. Design chemical experiments.
7. Design chemical processes that respect the environment.
8. Evaluate risks and security in chemical facilities and laboratories.
9. Evaluate the human, economic, legal and ethical dimension of professional practice, as well as the environmental implications of one's work.
10. Identify information in the scientific literature using the appropriate channels and integrating said information to approach and contextualise a research issue.
11. Know the environmental risks associated to special substances and chemical processes.
12. Students should be able to integrate knowledge and face the complexity of making judgements from information which, being incomplete or limited, include reflections on the social and ethical responsibilities linked to the application of their knowledge and judgements.
13. Students should know how to communicate their conclusions, knowledge and final reasoning that they hold in front of specialist and non-specialist audiences clearly and unambiguously.
14. Use scientific terminology in the English language to defend experimental results in the context of the chemistry profession.

Content

M1: Industry and Research in Chemistry: Specialized Topics in Theory and Practice

- Regulations.

- Patents.

- Experimental design.

- Job searching.

- Introduction to computational chemistry.

- NMR (theory + problem resolution + introductory practical course)

- Introduction to photochemistry.

- Resource optimization and environmental assessment of chemical processes.

- Risk and safety in chemical facilities.

- Laboratory instrumental techniques and chemical analysis.

Mass spectrometry, chromatography
Microscopy
XRD
ICP
Laboratory advanced techniques

Methodology

Lectures / Individual work:
The student acquires the knowledge of the course by attending the lectures and complementing them with the individual work. The lectures may include problem solving (theoretically based or practical exercises) and seminars.
Laboratory work
Laboratory practices will be held to achieve specific and relevant competencies.

Activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>ECTS</th>
<th>Learning outcomes</th>
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<tr>
<td>Type: Directed</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Individual work</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>5.64</td>
<td>2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Laboratory Practice</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>0.84</td>
<td>1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lectures</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>1.88</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 14</td>
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Evaluation

- Every professor decides the number and typology of evaluation activities: oral presentations, written exams, delivery of discussed articles, small tests...

- The final mark of the module will be the sum of the marks of every professor multiplied by the percentage of his classes in the total teaching of the module.

- The marks of the written exams must be above 4 in order to average with other marks of the professor and/or the module.

- There will be a period in January to repeat written exams with marks under 5. In the case of exams under 4, it will be mandatory to the student. In the case of exams between 4 and 5 it would be optional.

- If one student does not arrive to a 4 mark after the retaking exam in January, the coordinator of the module could decide to average this mark with the rest of the module. However, this option can only be considered for two written exams in the whole master.

- The marks of other evaluations activities (i.e. oral presentations) will average with the rest of the marks of the professor/module independently of the value. There will not be option of repeating these evaluation activities.

Evaluation activities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Weighting</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>ECTS</th>
<th>Learning outcomes</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Presentations</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0.32</td>
<td>4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reports</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Theoretical - practical tests</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>0.32</td>
<td>1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bibliography

Patents

http://www.ub.edu/centredepatents/es/
Experimental design

Gareth A. Lewis; Didier Mathieu & Roger Phan-Tan-Luu, "Pharmaceutical experimental design", 1999, Marcel Dekker NY.

Introduction to computational chemistry


Introduction to Photochemistry


Resource optimization and environmental assessment of chemical processes

Risk Assessment and Sustainable Chemistry: http://www.epa.gov/nrmrl/std/index.html  
Life Cycle Assessment: http://www.epa.gov/nrmrl/std/lca/resources.html  

Risk and safety in chemical facilities


Laboratory instrumental techniques and chemical analysis